DESIGNING YOUR LANDSCAPE

This worksheet will guide you through the process of designing a functional landscape plan. The process includes these steps:

- Gather information about the site and who will use it
- Prioritize needs and wants and determine your budget
- Organize the landscape space and determine the shape of the spaces and how they relate

Step 1: Site Analysis & Prioritize Needs/Wants

Examine the location of existing landscape features: house and garage
Examine the location of the rooms in your house and think about the view from each room
Complete the Landscape Questionnaire on the next page

Step 2: Determine a budget - Approximate how much you will be able to spend on your landscape

Step 3: Identify home landscape use areas

Just as in a home, a landscape is composed of areas that are used for different purposes. Most home landscapes have public and private areas. Each should be designed to meet your needs and to create an attractive overall landscape.

- Public Area This is most often the front yard and is the area the public sees from the street. The main purpose is to frame the house and create a visually appealing and inviting landscape. An attractive entryway or walkway to the house is a primary feature.
- Private or Family Area The private area is often the back yard and sometimes the side yards. There should be easy access from the house to the outdoor space and features such as outdoor furniture and lighting should be considered.

Step 4: Sketch a bubble (big picture) diagram

Organize your area into a bubble type diagram showing: public areas, entryway, side yard, play area, private/family area, and service area

Step 5: Sketch a preliminary design

From your bubble diagram, design your landscape with specific features such as walkways, trees, gardens, pool, patio, etc.

Step 6: Draw your final plan

All items drawn using templates, when available, or very neatly

Pools are not allowed within 10 feet of the house and require a fence on both sides of your house.

There should be something in the yard that demonstrates **symmetry**.

There should be at least one **circular** object (other than trees) in your yard.

There should be something outside that demonstrates a **reflection**, **rotation**, **and translation**.

A walkway/pathway should connect your driveway to the front door.

Gates must be at least 3 feet wide.

Sidewalks should be 4 to 5 feet wide. Pathways may be 2 to 3 feet wide.

Write the name on all outside features that are not obvious

needs increases the likelihood that		
YARD USE Who will use the yard?	Adults Children	_ Elderly Pets
When is the yard used?	Spring Summer	_ Fall Winter
OUTDOOR STRUCTURES What outdoor structures/features v	vould you like to add?	
Patio, deck, or porch 2 to 4 people 4 to 8 people 8 to 12 people 12+ people Shade cover for patio/deck	Gazebo 2 to 4 people 4 to 8 people 8 to 12 people 12+ people Fountain	Sculpture
Children's play area	Waterfall/stream	Fire pit
Cooking/grilling area	Greenhouse	Boulders
Garden	Putting green	Dry creek
Dog pen/run	Rain barrel	Mounds/berms
Storage shed	Irrigation system	Pond
Clothesline	Swimming pool	Bench
Fence(s)	Spa/hot tub	Fenced vegetable garden
STORAGE What items need storage space?	Garden equipment Outdoor toys	Garbage cans Bicycles Sports equipment Lawn furniture
STYLE What is your preferred design styl	e? Formal Semi:	formal Informal

___ Rectangles ___ 45° angles ___ Circles

___ Curving/free form ___ Combination

Name:

COLOR

List your favorite colors:

What is your preferred shape?

Architecture: Home Landscape Questionnaire

Landscape Design Recording Page

- 1. What are the 3 main features of your landscape design?
 - •
 - •
 - •
- 2. How is symmetry demonstrated in your landscape design?
- 3. Specifically state where a rotation, translation, and reflection can be found in your design.

- 4. What is your biggest circular object in your landscape (other than trees)?
- 5. Based on #4, determine the real-life radius, diameter, circumference, and area of this object.

Radius	Diameter $d = 2r$
Circumference $C = \pi d$	Area $A = \pi r^2$